SPECIFIC FEATURES OF THE COUNTRIES OF UZBEKISTAN AND TAJIKISTAN

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Annotation: For centuries, the Uzbek and Tajik peoples lived a harmonious, settled life, worked together, and their lifestyles and culture were closely intertwined. In recent years, brotherly ties between the countries have been strengthened. This can be clearly seen in the example of cooperation in the bilateral cultural sphere.

Key words: Interethnic harmony, friendship, mutual respect, Tajik national centers, good neighborliness

The closest, brotherly nation and strategic partner of Uzbekistan is the Republic of Tajikistan. It is famous and known all over the world for its unique historical places. Nowadays, Tajikistan has more than 3000 ancient and cultural monuments, 6 state complexes and historical-cultural reserves, various historical-ethnographic museums and many archaeological structures. Today, about 1.8 million Tajik compatriots live in Uzbekistan and make a great contribution to the development of our country. In the following years, it would be expedient to recognize the rise of cooperation and relations between the two countries in the cultural sphere to a new level as follows.

Strengthening of relations in the field of culture in laws, decisions and decrees. Including, more than 40 normative-legal documents in the framework of tasks set in the field of international relations in the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021 - 2 it was defined in the law, the decrees of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the decisions of the Cabinet of Ministers and the Oliy Majlis.

It can be seen from this that on the basis of the reforms carried out in our country, along with the development of the cultural environment with the peoples, including the brotherly peoples, as well as its preservation and transmission to the next generation, the feelings of friendship and mutual respect are set as an important priority. Fundamental renewal and development of the activities of cultural centers and introduction of their branches in the regions. The Tajik National Cultural Center was established in Uzbekistan in 2008, and today it has regional divisions in Kashkadarya, Surkhandarya, Samarkand, Namangan, and Fergana regions. "Oftobi Sogdiyan" Tajik Persian center, "Oriyono" established in Tashkent and "Sogdiyona" centers in Chirchik are operating in Bukhara. Celebrating the birth of the great scientist and poet of the East Firdavsi, the 1150th anniversary of Rudaki, the founder of Forstogic literature, events dedicated to the life and work of Ibn Sina, Jalaluddin Rumi Balkhi, Mir Ali Hamadoni, writer and poet Sadriddin Ainiy were organized at a high level in Tajik national cultural centers. . In the state universities of Samarkand, Termiz and Fergana, teaching is conducted in Tajik language in

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245 general education schools, there are 4 periodicals published in Tajik language, dozens of TV shows and radio broadcasts are broadcast. In 2018, the Uzbek-Tajik cultural center was commissioned in the "Morning Star" neighborhood. Large-scale construction works were carried out in the "Morning Star" neighborhood of Chinoz district. During the development of the village, it was taken into account that more citizens of Tajik nationality live here, and special attention was paid to clearly reflecting the customs and traditions of the Uzbek and Tajik peoples. The Uzbek-Tajik cultural center was placed in the most beautiful building. In addition to masterpieces of Uzbek and Tajik classical literature, the library here contains works of contemporary writers and poets. The training and conference hall, the medical room were equipped with the necessary equipment.

The opening of the Uzbek-Tajik house in Rishton district of Fergana province in August 2020 is one of the achievements in this field. Cultural evenings, poetry readings and scientific roundtables are held in this institution. The cultures, lifestyles, traditions and folk art of these two peoples are very close, and in some cases, they cannot be separated at all. The organization of contests, exhibitions, events and conferences in literature, art and music and other various fields is also among the achievements in this field. Creative meetings and evenings are organized with modern authors such as Tokhtamish Tokhtayev, Abdullah Subkhan, Ja'far Muhammad, Fayz Muhammad, Yunus Imamnazar, Muhammadjon Shodiyev, Asadullo Shukurov, whose works have been translated into Uzbek, and our cooperation in the cultural field. Every year, the centers organize Tajik language day, unique contests on the history and culture of the Tajik people, discussions between poets and literary people, paintings of famous Tajik artists Muborak Yoldoshev and Zayniddin Mirzoyev. exhibitions were organized. A number of events held in the centers, including the national and state holidays of Uzbekistan, the national holiday of the Tajiks "Mehrgon" - the harvest holiday, etc., are published in Tajik-language newspapers such as "Ovozi Tajik", "Ovozi Samarkand", "Khovar" and Uzbekistan. It is widely covered in the "Ranginkamon" and "Yagona Oilada" television programs of the television and radio company. 2017 opened a new page in the cultural relations between Uzbekistan and Tajikistan. Because on May 10-12 of this year, the Culture Days of Uzbekistan were held in Tajikistan. 55 artists and musicians took part in the delegation of Uzbekistan. Among them are People's Artist of Uzbekistan Gulomjon Yaqubov and Mahmud Namozov, Honored Artist of Uzbekistan Sobirjon Mominov, singer Sevinch Mominova and State Song and Dance Ensemble "Uzbekistan" Art of Uzbekistan and culture.

Concert programs were held in the cities of Dushanbe, Korgontepa and Tursunzoda, the main events of the Culture Days of Uzbekistan. In our country, October 11-13 are the cultural days of Tajikistan, during which agreements were signed between the two countries in the economic, social, and cultural spheres. During the days of culture, a photo exhibition "Modern Tajikistan" and an exhibition of Tajik folk handicrafts will be held at the Gallery of Fine Arts of Uzbekistan, a ceremonial opening and a concert program at the State Academic Grand Theater of Uzbekistan named after Alisher Navoi, at the cinema palace named after Alisher Navoi. The screening of the film Istinny Polden, a concert of

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Tajik artists at the State Conservatory of Uzbekistan, the screening of the feature film "Uchitel" at the Alisher Navoi Cinema Palace, and the closing ceremonies at the State Academic Grand Theater of Uzbekistan named after Alisher Navoi. On September 28, 2020, a group of intellectuals led by the Minister of Culture of the Republic of Uzbekistan Ozodbek Nazarbekov held a series of creative meetings in the Republic of Tajikistan. A dialogue between the Ministers of Culture of the two countries, Ozodbek Nazarbekov and Zulfia Davlatzoda, took place in the National Library of Tajikistan. Various offers in the cultural field signed between the two countries were discussed. Also, O. Nazarbekov proposed the exchange of copies of books on the history, literature and culture of the Uzbek and Tajik peoples kept in both countries. Honoring the work of our Tajik compatriots, awarding titles and badges. In accordance with the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the President of the Republic of Tajikistan, Emomali Sharpovich Rahmon, established the centuries-old mutual friendship of the brotherly Uzbek and Tajik peoples, the good neighborly and harmonious relations between the Republics of Uzbekistan and Tajikistan. He was awarded with the Order of "Respect of the Country" for his special contribution to deepening, raising relations in social-economic, cultural-educational spheres to a new level.

Tokhtayev Tokhtamish Davlatovich - editor of the editorial department of "Ovozi Tajik" newspaper, member of the Union of Writers of Uzbekistan, poet was awarded with the "Dostlik" order. In recent years, 130 citizens of Tajik nationality have received high state awards in our country. According to President Shavkat Mirziyoyev, "Uzbek and Tajik peoples are like two branches of one tree, two tributaries of one river. Our holy religion, land and water are one. Our joyous concerns, our destiny is common. We must continue the good traditions of our ancestors, strengthen and preserve the friendship of our nations." In conclusion, the Uzbek-Tajik peoples have passed through a single historical period and have been closely related to each other with their immortal creativity, material and cultural values and traditions for centuries. From time immemorial, our people drank water from two tributaries of the same river and connected the traditions of neighborliness with close kinship ties. In this regard, they are mentioned as nations rich in similar culture, traditions, single religion, and immortal values. It is being formed and refined in their spiritual world and during their cultural life. In the future, a solid wall is being created in the way of preserving traditions such as strong friendship, good neighborliness, and strategic partnership between the two brotherly nations.

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