

## INFLUENCE OF FAMILY RELATIONSHIPS ON THE FORMATION OF SOCIAL BEHAVIOR OF ADOLESCENTS

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Family upbringing, the uniqueness of the relationship between parents and children depends on the values and traditions passed down from generation to generation, as well as national stereotypes. It is worth mentioning that we can see the proof of our above ideas in many psychological and pedagogical works.

It is known that although there is not enough scientific literature in the field of psychology, which is devoted to the problem of the formation of social behavior in the adolescent period and is able to describe all its directions in detail, today in the world of science and the development of society, It is possible to mention the scientific studies that can show the necessity of the problem of the interaction of smirs and their behavior in conflict situations and justify its "methodological roots".

Uzbek psychologists have proven in many works that family disputes, disagreements between spouses have only a negative effect on the formation of adolescent social behavior, and are a moral obstacle to the formation of a value system in them (V.Karimova, M.Davletshin, G.Shoumarov, Kh.Karimov, F.Rozikulov, B.Umarov, etc.).

V.M.Karimova emphasizes the direct role of parents in the influence of family interactions on the formation of children's social behavior, the author draws attention to the importance of family integrity: "Our observations proved that the completeness of the family, or , in which both father and mother live in peace and harmony, and the existence of normal human relations and a healthy spiritual environment allows the child to develop well in all aspects, become healthy, intelligent, and strong-willed. The need for both the father and the child to be a mother is explained by the fact that, for example, if a girl imagines what kind of mother she will be in the future, looking at her mother and her behavior in the family, in addition to realizing that she belongs to the female gender, she will look to her father, her mother depending on her attitude, she realizes what kind of family owner she should be when she starts a family in the future.

In the same way, when a boy learns about his mother's qualities, family



behavior and attitude towards his father, when he learns what kind of girl he can marry in the future, what qualities the daughter he chooses should have, then, depending on his father and his position in the family, Along with imagining himself as a man in the future, he gains knowledge and ideas about how to treat his spouse. This is a psychological law and is the leading principle of personal and sexual socialization of a person in the family. Therefore, in order for the child to receive a good upbringing and to have a decent position in society and family relations, the family environment should be healthy, stable, and the husband and wife should be caring and loyal to each other. is important. If we agree with the opinion of the scientist, in concrete situations and situations, that is, studying the effect of a single mother on children who are forced to live apart from their father by fate, how their vision of the future affects the system We emphasize that "secret display" should be studied as a separate research subject.

For example, in a number of scientific studies conducted at the National University of Uzbekistan under the leadership of Professor E. Goziev, special attention is paid to the study of ethnopsychological features of child upbringing in the family, and attention is paid to family traditions, pictures, values that are instilled in the child's mind from an early age. The essence, content, day-to-day and perspective plans of upbringing in the Uzbek family: the choice of means of influencing children and their effective use have their own characteristics, because it is based on folk traditions. Effective use of the ethnopsychology of the Uzbek people plays an important role in the development of a comprehensively developed human personality," says E. Goziev.

In the joint research of the scientists of the National University of Uzbekistan, M. Mamatov and R. Toshimov, the process of child socialization in a traditional undivided Uzbek family was studied, and the positive effect of the whole family phenomenon on the formation of the child's personality was based on it. . According to them, "a clear distribution of tasks in the family based on ethnic characteristics and economic factors accelerates and facilitates the socialization of a person. Violation of these traditions, which have been formed and practiced for thousands of years, is condemned by many people.

According to I. Yu. Kulagina, in the book "Psychological dictionary for the teacher", adolescence is the most difficult stage in the transition from childhood to adulthood. During the period of self-awareness, teenagers mainly imitate others, older than themselves. They accept the lifestyle, activities and goals of adults as their standards and gradually assimilate them. Most of the



adolescents with character defects have a weak desire for spiritual nourishment. Adolescents with difficult upbringing often suffer from mental, nervous and somatic diseases, and those who lag behind in physical development. They are caused by the unconsciousness of family conditions, mistakes made in education and congenital anomalies.

In the family, the concept of parent-child relationship is the most general and shows the interaction and interdependence of parent and child. Parents' attitude includes the child's subjective-evaluative, consciously chosen idea, which determines the characteristics of the parents' perception, the way they communicate with the child, the nature of the methods of influencing him. As a rule, emotional, cognitive and behavioral components are distinguished in the structure of parental relations, as well as the impact on the child's social behavior.

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