



CHIZIQLI OPERATOR

Rahmonov Erkin Sodiq o'g'li

Toshkent-kimyoy texnologiy instituti Shahrisabz filiali

Agar R^3 da chiziqli \tilde{A} operator $\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2, \vec{e}_3$ bazisda o'zining

$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 5 & 6 \\ 1 & 8 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ matritsasi bilan berilgan bo'lsa, $\vec{x} = 4\vec{e}_1 - 3\vec{e}_2 + \vec{e}_3$ vektorning $y=A(x)$

aksini toping.

$Y=AX$ formulaga binoan,

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 4 \\ -1 & 5 & 6 \\ 1 & 8 & 2 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ -13 \\ -18 \end{bmatrix}$$

Demak, $y = 10e_1 - 13e_2 - 18e_3$

\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2 bazisda \tilde{A} operator $A = \begin{pmatrix} 17 & 6 \\ 6 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$ matritsaga ega.

$e_1 = e_1 - 2e_2, e_2 = 2e_2 + e_2$ bazisida \tilde{A} operatorining matritsasini toping.

O'tish matritsasi

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

ning teskari matritsasi

$$C^{-1} = \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Demak,

$$B = C^{-1}AC = \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 17 & 6 \\ 6 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 8 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 20 \end{pmatrix}$$

Chiziqli \tilde{A} operator $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ matritsa bilan berilgan. Chiziqli operatorning

xos qiymatlari va xos vektorlarini toping.

Xarakteristik tenglama tuzamiz:

$$|A - \lambda E| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 - \lambda & 4 \\ 9 & 1 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0, \quad \lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 35 = 0; \quad \lambda_1 = -5, \quad \lambda_2 = 7$$

$\lambda_1 = -5$ ga tegishli $X^{(1)} = (X_1, X_2)$ xos vektorni topamiz. Buning uchun quyidagi tenglamani echamiz:



$$\lambda_1 = -5 \quad (A - \lambda E) \cdot x = 0 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 4 \\ 9 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow x_2 = -1,5x_1$$

agar $x_1=C$ deb olsak $x_2=-1,5C$, $X^{(1)}=(C;-1,5C)$ vektorlar har qanday $C \neq 0$ uchun A operatorni xos qiymati $\lambda_1=-5$ ga tegishli xos vector bo'ladi. Xuddi shunday $\lambda_2=7$ xos qiymati uchun A operatorni xos vektorlarni

$$X^{(2)} = \left(\frac{2}{3}C_1, C_1 \right), \quad C_1 \neq 0$$

vektorlar tashkil etadi.

Chiziqli operatorning $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ matritsasini diogonal ko'rinishiga keltiring.

$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 9 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ matrisa bilan berilgan chiziqli operatorning xos qiymatlari va xos vektorlarning 3-misolda topilgan: $\lambda_1=-5$ $\lambda_2=7$

$$X^{(1)} = (C; -1,5C); \quad X^{(2)} = \left(\frac{2}{3}C_1, C_1 \right); \quad X^{(1)} \text{ va } X^{(2)}$$

vektorning koordinatalari proporsional emas, shuning uchun $X^{(1)}$ va $X^{(2)}$ vektorlar chiziqli erkli. Demak, $X^{(1)}$ va $X^{(2)}$ bazisda A -matritsaning diogonal ko'rinishi:

$$A^* = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{ёку} \quad A^* = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

Buni tekshirish uchun bazis vektorlar sifatida $X^{(1)}=(2; -3)$, $X^{(2)}=(4; 6)$ vektorlarni olsak, yangi bazisga o'tkazuvchi o'tish matritsa C ning ko'rinishi: $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ bo'ladi.

Diogonal matritsa:

$$A^* = C^{-1}AC = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 9 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{24} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -4 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 9 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{24} \begin{pmatrix} -30 & 20 \\ 21 & 14 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{24} \begin{pmatrix} -120 & 0 \\ 0 & 168 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 \\ 0 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

FOYDALANILGAN ADABIYOTLAR:

1. Oliy matematika. (Yo.Soatov) 1996-y. Toshkent.
2. Курс математического анализа. (Л. Кудрявцев) 1998-г. Москва.
3. Oliy matematikadan misol va masalalar. (Sh.Xurramov) 2015-y. Toshkent.
4. www.mathprofi.ru internet sayti.
5. <https://scholar.google.ru/scholar?oi=bibs&cluster=3658719210033948033&btnI=1&hl=ru>

[hl=ru](http://www.mathprofi.ru)