

INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENTS AND RESEARCH IN EDUCATION International scientific-online conference



ENGLISH SPEAKING COUNTRY: CANADA

Jizzakh branch of National University of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo Ulugbek The Faculty of Psychology,the department of Foreign Languages Philology and teaching languages Scientific advisor: Teshaboyeva Nafisa Zubaydulla kizi Student of group 403-22: Hotamova jasmine Bobir kizi

Annotatsiya: Kanadaning madaniy mozaikasida ingliz tilining dinamik rolini o'rganing. Ushbu maqola ingliz tilining ma'muriy, ta'lim va madaniy sohalardagi zamonaviy ta'sirini o'rganib chiqadi va uning Kanada identifikatorini shakllantirishdagi muhim rolini ta'kidlaydi. Kundalik hayotdan tortib global aloqagacha, ingliz tilida so'zlashadigan millat sifatida Kanadaning lingvistik boyligi va global ahamiyati haqida ma'lumot oling.

Kalit so'zlar: ingliz mustamlakasi, Utrext shartnomasi, Kvebekni zabt etish, Sodiq migratsiya, Konfederatsiya, ikki tillilik, rasmiy tillar to'g'risidagi qonun, ta'lim tizimi, media landshafti, madaniy ifodalar, davlat xizmatlari, tijorat aloqalari, ijtimoiy muhit, lingvistik xilma-xillik, ko'p madaniyatli o'ziga xoslik.

Аннотация: Исследуйте динамичную роль английского языка в культурной мозаике Канады. В этой статье рассматривается современное влияние английского языка в административной, образовательной и культурной сферах, подчеркивается его ключевая роль в формировании канадской идентичности. Начиная с повседневной жизни и заканчивая глобальным участием, получите представление о языковом богатстве и глобальном значении Канады как англоговорящей страны.

Ключевые слова: английская колонизация, Утрехтский мирный договор, завоевание Квебека, лоялистская миграция, Конфедерация, двуязычие, Закон об официальных языках, образования, медиа-ландшафт, культурные выражения, государственные услуги, коммерческие взаимодействия, социальная среда, языковое разнообразие, мультикультурная идентичность.

Annotation: Explore the dynamic role of English in Canada's cultural mosaic. This article navigates the contemporary influence of English across administrative, educational, and cultural spheres, emphasizing its pivotal role in shaping Canadian identity. From daily life to global engagement, gain insights into the linguistic richness and global significance of Canada as an English-speaking nation.

Keywords: English colonization, Treaty of Utrecht, Conquest of Quebec, Loyalist migration, Confederation, bilingualism, Official Languages Act, education system, media landscape, cultural expressions, public services, commercial interactions, social environments, linguistic diversity, multicultural identity.



INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENTS AND RESEARCH IN EDUCATION

International scientific-online conference



English colonization in Canada began in the early 16th century, leading to intense rivalry between the French and English. The Treaty of Utrecht (1713) and the Conquest of Quebec (1760) solidified British control. The Loyalist migration and Confederation (1867) further entrenched English dominance. Despite recognizing bilingualism in the Durham Report (1839) and the Official Languages Act (1969), English remains the dominant language, influencing governance, education, and culture. This historical legacy contributes to Canada's unique bilingual and multicultural identity.

Canada proudly embraces linguistic diversity, with English standing prominently as one of its official languages. This linguistic choice has profound contemporary implications, shaping various aspects of Canadian society. Acknowledge Canada's commitment to official bilingualism with both English and French recognized as official languages. However, the focus here will be on the prevalence and impact of English. The English language holds a central and multifaceted role in the education system of Canada, contributing significantly to the nation's commitment to academic excellence, linguistic proficiency, and cultural inclusivity. English serves as the primary language of instruction in schools and universities across Canada. From early childhood education to higher academic pursuits, students engage with course content, lectures, and examinations predominantly in English.

English, as a predominant language in Canada, plays a pivotal role in shaping the nation's media landscape, literature, and cultural expressions. This influence extends beyond linguistic expression, impacting narratives, storytelling, and the broader cultural identity of Canada. English is the primary language of Canadian mainstream media, including newspapers, television, radio, and digital platforms. It serves as a unifying force, providing a shared communication medium for diverse communities across the country. Canadian English-language media reflects the multicultural fabric of the nation, featuring stories and perspectives that encompass the richness of Canada's cultural diversity.

English holds a pervasive presence in the daily life of Canadians, shaping interactions in public services, commercial spaces, and social environments. This prevalence contributes to a shared linguistic framework that fosters communication, inclusivity, and a cohesive national identity.

PUBLIC SERVICES:

- Government Institutions: English is prominently featured in government services, official documents, and communication. Government websites, forms, and public announcements are primarily in English, ensuring accessibility for the majority of the population.
- Healthcare: English is the principal language in healthcare services, from medical consultations to informational materials. This linguistic consistency facilitates effective communication between healthcare professionals and patients.



INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENTS AND RESEARCH IN EDUCATION International scientific-online conference



• Education: English is the language of instruction in public schools and universities, playing a central role in the education system. Public educational materials, announcements, and communications are conducted predominantly in English.

COMMERCIAL INTERACTIONS:

- Retail and Business: English is widely used in commercial spaces, including retail, businesses, and service establishments. Product labels, advertising, and customer service interactions are often conducted in English, creating a seamless experience for consumers.
- Banking and Finance: English is the primary language in the banking and financial sector. Transactions, contracts, and customer communications are conducted in English, ensuring clarity and consistency in financial interactions.
- Workplaces: English is the predominant language in Canadian workplaces. Business meetings, email communications, and official documentation are typically in English, fostering effective communication among colleagues and stakeholders.

• SOCIAL ENVIRONMENTS:

- Social Gatherings: English serves as a common language in social interactions and gatherings. Whether at community events, cultural festivals, or informal meetups, English enables individuals from diverse linguistic backgrounds to communicate and engage with one another.
- Media and Entertainment: English is the primary language in media and entertainment. Television programs, movies, music, and online content are predominantly in English, reflecting the linguistic preferences of a broad audience.
- Digital and Social Media: English is prevalent on digital platforms and social media, facilitating communication and information-sharing. Online interactions, content creation, and social networking predominantly occur in English, contributing to a digital landscape accessible to a wide audience.

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE COMMUNICATION:

- Legal Documents: English is the language of legal documents, contracts, and official paperwork. Legal proceedings, court hearings, and administrative communications are conducted in English, ensuring accuracy and legal clarity.
- Official Communications: English is used in official communications from various institutions, including public announcements, signage, and official correspondence. This ensures a standardized and accessible mode of communication for the public.

Canada is a diverse and vibrant English-speaking country known for its stunning landscapes, rich cultural tapestry, and high quality of life.

Cultural Diversity: Canada prides itself on being a multicultural mosaic. Its population is a blend of various ethnicities, languages, and cultures. Major cities like Toronto, Vancouver, and Montreal are particularly known for their cultural diversity.



INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENTS AND RESEARCH IN EDUCATION International scientific-online conference



Bilingualism: While English is the predominant language, Canada is officially bilingual, with English and French as its two official languages. Quebec is the primary French-speaking province.

Geography: The country boasts breathtaking natural beauty, from the Rocky Mountains in the west to the vast prairies, the Great Lakes region, and the Atlantic coastline in the east. Canada is also home to a significant portion of the Arctic.

Education and Healthcare: Canada is renowned for its high-quality education system, including some of the world's top universities. Additionally, it has a publicly funded healthcare system that provides basic medical services to citizens and permanent residents.

Economy: Canada has a mixed-market economy with abundant natural resources like timber, minerals, and oil. It also has a strong service sector, particularly in finance, technology, and healthcare.

Political Structure: Canada is a constitutional monarchy with a parliamentary democracy. The head of state is the monarch (currently Queen Elizabeth II), represented by the Governor General, while the Prime Minister serves as the head of government.

Sports and Recreation: Ice hockey is considered Canada's national sport, and the country excels in winter sports due to its climate. However, Canadians also enjoy a wide range of other sports such as basketball, soccer, and baseball.

Cultural Contributions: Canadian literature, music, film, and art have made significant contributions to the global cultural scene. Notable authors include Margaret Atwood and Alice Munro, while musicians like Celine Dion, Justin Bieber, and Drake have gained international fame.

Wildlife: Canada is home to diverse wildlife, including bears, moose, beavers, and various bird species. Its national parks and protected areas aim to preserve this rich biodiversity.

Climate: Due to its vast size, Canada experiences a wide range of climates, from arctic conditions in the north to temperate climates in the south. Winters can be harsh in many regions, particularly in central and northern areas.

In conclusion: Canada stands as a beacon of diversity, natural beauty, and innovation among English-speaking nations. Its multicultural tapestry, stunning landscapes, and commitment to inclusivity define its global identity. From the vibrant cities celebrating cultural richness to the pristine wilderness showcasing nature's splendor, Canada embraces a balance between modernity and preservation. With a robust economy, top-tier education and healthcare systems, and a society built on principles of equality and respect, Canada continues to inspire and welcome individuals from all walks of life. As a testament to its unique blend of heritage and progress, Canada stands tall as a nation that cherishes its past while shaping a promising future—a testament to the beauty and resilience of the human spirit.

CANADA

INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENTS AND RESEARCH IN EDUCATION

International scientific-online conference



THE LIST OF USED LITERATURE:

- 1. "Canada: A People's History" by Don Gillmor and Pierre Turgeon
- 2. "The Oxford Companion to Canadian History" edited by Gerald Hallowell
- 3. "Official Languages and Bilingualism in Canada: History and Current Debates" by Ruth Kircher and Hélène Boudreau
- 4. Teshaboyeva, N., & Mamayoqubova, S. (2020). COMMUNICATIVE APPROACH TO LANGUAGE TEACHING. In МОЛОДОЙ ИССЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬ: ВЫЗОВЫ И ПЕРСПЕКТИВЫ (pp. 409-414).
- 5. Teshaboyeva, N. (2020). LINGUISTIC PERSONALITY, ITS STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS IN THE NEW PERSPECTIVE DIRECTIONS. In МОЛОДОЙ ИССЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬ: ВЫЗОВЫ И ПЕРСПЕКТИВЫ (pp. 415-420).
- 6. Teshaboyeva, N. Z. (2019).**TEACHING ENGLISH THROUGH INTESL** ANDTEFL CLASSROOMS. LITERATURE In СОВРЕМЕННЫЕ ТЕХНОЛОГИИ: АКТУАЛЬНЫЕ ВОПРОСЫ, ДОСТИЖЕНИЯ И ИННОВАЦИИ (рр. 82-84).
- 7. Gaybullayeva, N. D. K., & Kizi, T. N. Z. (2022). THE ROLE OF INNOVATIVE METHODS FOR LISTENING COMPREHENSION IN TEACHING LANGUAGE LEARNERS FOREIGN LANGUAGES AND MAINLY ENGLISH. Central Asian Research Journal for Interdisciplinary Studies (CARJIS), 2(10), 8-10.
- 8. Teshaboyeva Nafisa Zubaydulla qizi, Jurayev Muhammadrahim Murod o'g'li, & Mamirova Munisa Rajab qizi. (2021). Language Learning Culturally and the Role of Literature in Teaching Process. Central Asian Journal of Theoretical and Applied Science, 2(3), 1-5. Retrieved from https://www.cajotas.centralasianstudies.org/index.php/CAJOTAS/article/view/84
- 9. Teshaboyeva, N. (2023). THE IMPORTANCE OF TOURISM IN PRESENT DAY. Журнал иностранных языков и лингвистики, 5(5).
- 10. Teshaboyeva, N. (2023). THE MODERN INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES IN TEACHING FOREIGN LANGUAGES. Журнал иностранных языков и лингвистики, 5(5).
- 11. Teshaboyeva, N. Z. (2023, November). Adjective word group and its types. In "Conference on Universal Science Research 2023" (Vol. 1, No. 11, pp. 59-61).
- 12. Teshaboyeva, N. Z. (2023, November). Modifications of Consonants in Connected speech. In "Conference on Universal Science Research 2023" (Vol. 1, No. 11, pp. 7-9).
- 13. Teshaboyeva, N., & Rayimberdiyev, S. (2023, May). THE IMPORTANCE OF USING MULTIMEDIA TECHNOLOGY IN TEACHING ENGLISH CLASSES. In Academic International Conference on Multi-Disciplinary Studies and Education (Vol. 1, No. 8, pp. 149-153).



INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENTS AND RESEARCH IN EDUCATION

International scientific-online conference



- 14. Nafisa, T., & Marina, S. (2023). TEACHING AND LEARNING OF ENGLISH VOCABULARY IN TESL AND TEFL CLASSROOMS. International Journal of Contemporary Scientific and Technical Research, 465-469
- 15. Ergasheva L, (2019) Ingliz va oʻzbek tillaridagi iboralarning solishtirma va qiyosiy tahlili va ularning oʻquv jarayoni samaradorligig ta'siri (pp. 37-40) УЧЁНЫЙ XXI BEKA, Volume 5-1, ISSN 2410-3536, http://elibrary.ru/title_about.asp?id=52846 on-line: http://www.uch21vek.com/
- 16. M. Khusanova (2023). HISTORY OF USING TESTS IN MONITORING THE LEVEL OF QUALIFICATION. Science and innovation, 2 (B7), 17-21. doi: 10.5281/zenodo.8125195