

EFFECTIVE WAYS AND METHODS OF TEACHING ENGLISH TO CHILDREN

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Abstrakt: *This article discusses effective methods of teaching English to children who are just starting to learn English. This article is also useful for our young teachers.*

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Today, there are many methods of learning a new language for both children and adults. Below are some effective ways to teach English to children. New language might be difficult to learn. Although for some it comes naturally, for many it's more of a struggle and a drawn-out process. Fortunately, there is no one perfect approach to teaching English. How can I pick the best English teaching strategy? As far as teaching foreign languages goes, various sciences, ideas, and learning approaches have been established over time. You won't discover the perfect, unique approach to teaching English to both children and adults. The right teaching method should be chosen based on the knowledge and skills of the class. So, in this article, we've outlined some novel approaches to learning a foreign tongue and choose the best English teaching strategy. Always remember to adapt your teaching strategy to the requirements and interests of your students. Also, students have a better chance of succeeding if they have the correct motivation for learning English. Therefore, in order to select the ideal approach for teaching English to adults or kids, it is important to first comprehend why a person needs or wants to learn the language before concentrating on the most effective strategy to accomplish that aim. Our suggestions for innovative approaches to teaching English include tried-and-true techniques as well as a few atypical ones that are especially good for children. You may learn a new language together by using the effective current English teaching techniques that you'll discover here.

WHY SHOULD YOU TEACH CHILDREN USING SIMPLE ENGLISH?

How to teach English to kids is a common concern among parents who want their kids to begin learning the language at a young age and for whom it is a crucial skill in their children's educational process. Exist any strategies that support children's success? It makes sense to use a simpler teaching style while teaching English to children. First of all, it's challenging to keep young children's attention. They are not well suited to the typical lessons in which pupils must sit at their desks and pay attention to the teacher. The greatest attention span of a youngster is equivalent to two to three times their age, did you know? Therefore, a five-year-old child's attention span would be around fifteen minutes. Additionally, young children memorize information in a different way than adults do. They have a fantastic mental ability called involuntary memory, which comes

on while they're playing games or doing creative things. Thirdly, children also have different perception mechanisms. They excel at emotional and visual thinking. They are drawn to things that pique their interest the greatest, like vivid colors, odd patterns, riddles, and secrets. When teaching English to youngsters, teachers attempt to make use of the appropriate tactics and procedures in light of these factors. They are able to meet their particular psychological and physiological needs as a result. Method of spaced repetition. The goal of spaced repetition is to maximize information retention by focusing on extending the gaps between previously learned and acquired content. It works well for training both adults and children. According to scientific studies, the key reason it is effective is that regular repetition helps our memory hold onto previously learned information. When we learn anything new, methodical review at regular intervals increases the amount of information we recall. You must repeatedly practice previously learned vocabulary, phrases, or grammar rules in order for this teaching method to be effective. Beginning with an hour, it may progress to a day, once per week, once a month, etc. If you immediately recognize a new piece of English vocabulary, you already know it extremely well. Online learning is the latest craze in English education in the twenty-first century. There are many different kinds of online technology to take into account, including web quests, virtual tours, and, of course, many different varieties of gamification. It's crucial to incorporate a successful blend of the aforementioned teaching techniques into the session and maintain a steady pace when teaching English online. Otherwise, our brains will become overworked and we won't be able to recall too much. The importance of developing communication skills in English cannot be overstated, even if you use cutting-edge teaching methods like online instruction with a native speaker. Real-world communication is always essential to the process of learning a new language.

MAKE TUNES OUT OF TEACHINGS.

Every English learner, native or not, is at least familiar with one timeless ditty. Yes, we use the ABCs to help us remember which letter comes after Q. The song provides English speakers with a convenient reference point for all their alphabetical needs, even though the middle section calls for a little bit more mental effort. Creating engaging songs out of vocabulary words, grammar rules, and dialogues is a fantastic way to teach young language learners English. If you're reviewing common material, check YouTube to see if there is already a song that fits the occasion available. Alternately, you can unleash your inner Beethoven and use the melody of another simple song, like Twinkle Twinkle little star to create a musical masterpiece. What's it like to teach young children English? The first thing that comes to mind is that kids have short attention spans, so let's start there. Even in their home tongue, children are quickly bored and sidetracked, so speaking to them in a language they are unfamiliar with might make it more difficult to maintain their attention. Little girl with letters on the blackboard is adorable. There is a very slim chance that they are motivated to study English. Children, unlike adult

learners, are enrolled in English classes by their parents or are required to take them as part of their academic curriculum.

BE INNOVATIVE

The same activities are monotonous for your students, and you run the risk of nodding off while teaching. So, be imaginative in your planning. Regularly introduce new elements. Rearrange the seating in your class such that each student occasionally enjoys an inspiring perspective. Before teaching the content, give your pupils the test; then, as they learn the material, let them respond to the questions. Whenever you have the chance, welcome visitors as speakers. You can follow the same general routine every day, but change up the workouts you undertake. Students can also create their own games, exercises, and activities. Give your students some inexpensive game supplies and have them create their own review game for the most recent grammar point. Another option is to have them compose exam questions for each other. You might be shocked by how imaginative some pupils can be. Add some art to your lessons. Children enjoy creating vibrant and interesting things in the school. According to Pablo Picasso, “every child is an artist.” Profit from that natural ability and educate your young children the English language through art. When using art, you may certainly discuss topics that are evident, such colors and shapes, but creative ventures have so much more possibilities.

Cultural Traditions: Request that your pupils create an artwork inspired by various cultural customs. Then, either as you are creating the project or after it has been completed, talk about that culture as well as their own. Having a piece of art in front of children can help them relate to culture, which is a very abstract concept for young children because children are more concrete than adults.

Collages: Discussing prepositions of location through art projects is another excellent idea. Making a collage is simple, and you can use almost anything. As your students work, advise them where to place various things using prepositions, or let them to explain what they are doing and how the various elements of their collage relate to one another. After any art project, don't forget to offer everyone an opportunity to discuss their finished pieces.

GO OUTSIDE WITH YOUR CLASS.

Ever thought of attending a lesson outside? If not, you'd be astonished at how much they can discover in nature. Here are some suggestions to get you going:

Scavenger Hunt: Consider leading a scavenger hunt for your students on the campus of your school. Whatever unit you are currently teaching, you can adjust the objects they are looking for to fit. You may instruct children to search for objects beginning with each letter of the alphabet or objects that represent each color in the rainbow. You can instruct them to search for particular shapes.

MAKE IT ACTIVE

If there is one thing kids like more than having fun, it's moving. In fact, Dr. Maria Montessori suggested that young children are not able to learn unless they are also

able to move. In addition, involving the whole body in language learning is a useful teaching method. The more language learners move, the better and faster they understand what you are teaching and the more easily they can retain the information. TPR (Total Physical Response) is a teaching method that works really well with children. In essence, you associate physical movements with language instruction. Students move as they learn. They follow instructions, copy your movements and get their whole bodies involved when they practice language concepts.

BRING IT TO LIFE

Kids enjoy moving more than having fun, if there is anything. In fact, according to Dr. Maria Montessori, young children cannot learn unless they can move. Additionally, using the entire body to learn a language is an effective teaching strategy. Language learners learn more effectively and quickly when they move around, and they are also better able to retain material. Total Physical Response (TPR) is a teaching strategy that is very effective with kids. In essence, you link verbal education to physical motions. As they study, students roam around. When they practice linguistic concepts, they obey commands, mimic your gestures, and engage their entire body. Another excellent technique to keep your children moving as they learn English is to use hands-on materials. Flashcards are a simple tool that you can employ, but you can also get creative with the materials you give your kids to work with.

Small World Play: Collect animal figurines that appear in a book or narrative that your class is reading, then have students use the figurines to retell the tale. Try incorporating this little world play into your units on various topics. Make a miniature setting with replicas of items from the actual world in play size.

DO NOT PUT YOUR STUDENTS UNDER PRESSURE

When teaching youngsters, one of the most crucial things to keep in mind is not to place any pressure on them. Keep in mind that kids pick up on some language skills easier than adults. Therefore, regardless of what you teach in class, they will already be on the path to English proficiency. They will naturally acquire them in three easy steps. When you use words and language, they will understand you. When you quiz them on the vocabulary and language you employ, they will be able to respond. They will subsequently be able to employ those linguistic constructions on their own.

By: Not addressing every mistake pupils make, you can prevent putting them under strain. Concentrate on the terminology and grammatical structures you have just taught, and fix any mistakes there. But if you haven't talked about a grammar topic yet, disregard it. Your kids are not required to immediately have flawless English. Not awarding a grade for everything. When in doubt, have your pupils discuss their responses or just go over the right answers with them. Not every piece of paper needs to be gathered and annotated with a powerful red pen. Children may not be able to explain grammar and other technical parts of language since language is abstract and children are concrete, but that's good. Your pupils will become fluent in no time if you keep the

environment enjoyable, engaging, and stress-free. While pointing to the illustrations, read them picture books. This is a tried-and-true method of teaching young children a language, and it's still quite successful today. Allow them to select a favorite picture book. Point to any images that correspond to the words as you read them aloud, such as a bird image when you read "the red bird." Point to the images when talking to young children so they can connect the words you're saying with the things you're pointing at. You can begin pointing to the words as you read them whenever they are ready to be introduced to reading.

ENCOURAGE THE USE OF MNEMONICS TO REMEMBER GRAMMAR RULES

Memory aides help children learn difficult-to-spell words and intricate grammar rules when teaching them English. The objective is still better memory, whether that entails developing a mnemonic device in the pupils' home tongues or breaking it down into easier English phrases. "-i before -e, except after c" is a helpful mnemonic for English language learners of all levels. You can anticipate that those spelling errors will disappear once you can have your students recite that sentence on command.

Include conversations throughout the lesson that are either spontaneous or recurring.

Describe your weekend activities. You may get your pupils thinking about their responses before the lesson even begins by starting class with an anticipated question. Additionally, casual conversation exposes kids to vocabulary that is pertinent to their own lives and interests. You can also engage pupils in brief side chats while they earnestly work to distinguish between I and me if you're dealing with a class as opposed to a single student. Find out what they're having for lunch, how the most recent soccer match went, or anything else that makes them eager to share!

EVERY CLASS SHOULD REVIEW PRIOR LESSONS

If the typical lesson lasts about an hour or less, there plenty of time in the day for a student to forget all they just learned. Repetition is essential for young English learners because children don't retain material as well as adults do. Make sure to spend a lot of time reviewing material from previous lessons in each class rather than declaring the case closed at the end of a lesson and moving on after a test. Instead of relying just on the same example sentences and templates that they learn in isolation throughout each lesson, this encourages pupils to employ vocabulary and grammar concepts together. Another thing to keep in mind is that you don't always need to come up with innovative teaching strategies for younger students. Continue using a series of games if you notice that your kids appreciate them and respond well to them. Every round's subject matter and degree of difficulty can be changed. Additionally, if you get into teaching, you'll have all of your lesson ideas and games prepared to use with every new group of kids. Would you like to learn more about how to teach English to young students. A TEFL course, whether online or in-person, can not only improve your teaching methods but also potentially increase your work option.

AROUSE CURIOSITY:

Children are innately interested, as was previously established. When kids ask questions, do not squelch it. More crucial, avoid deflating their enthusiasm and passion. Many children are reluctant to ask questions and explain their uncertainties in class because they will interpret your instructions to cease questioning as something negative. Encourage their curiosity and maintain their interest in what is going on in the world. This leads us to our subsequent topic, reading.

CULTIVATE A HABIT OF READING:

Encourage your children to read from an early age. As the phrase goes, "old habits seldom die." Give them books with pictures and colors to pique their interest in reading, which is a great habit to develop. Give children books on subjects they frequently discuss, play out the book with them, and read it aloud before gradually transitioning to instructive literature.

In conclusion, there are many effective methods of teaching English to children. But we should be able to use the most basic and useful methods. There is no one perfect approach to teaching English, so it is important to adapt your teaching strategy to the needs and interests of your students. Innovative approaches to teaching English include tried-and-true techniques as well as a few atypical ones that are especially good for children. Today, there are many methods of learning a new language for both children and adults. Below are some effective ways to teach English to children.

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