

BALANCE OF POWER

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The purpose of this article is to learn a little bit about balance of power in area of International Relations. The theory of balance of power and its role during Cold War. How to maintain balance of power with few strategies. Balance of power today's image.

ANOMIC, NEOREALIST THEORY

The balance of power in international relations is the balance that prevents the cessation of one people or the transfer of the free will of one nation to representatives of another nation than oneself. One of the most optimal ways to check International Relations and public policy is the balance of power. In international relations, we can use the term state to countries where there is a government and a population. There is a concept of balance of power in international relations to distribute the power of opponents or a country that opposed to one country.

The power of balance indicates that when one country increases its power range over another country and gives pressure over that country it is equivalent to another country increasing its power range, this situation said to be the moment when the balance of power occurs. The relation of forces is a central concept in neorealist theory.

The balance of power considered one of the most difficult to describe. As Martin Right mentioned, it is full of confusion. An example of Ines. L. Claude's concept is "the problem with equilibrium power is not that it has no meaning, but that it has a lot of meaning, while the important idea is very simple, but when the principle of power is applied to international relations, this concept is the pressure against changing alliances and pressures".

In international relations, the concept of power is considered the fact that one state increases its power in relation to another without interruption, and not only power, but from the technological side, trying to gain from each other. An example of this would be the race of the United States to whom the Soviet Union belongs-that is, the Cold War. The balance of power describes the polarization of the Cold War in such a transparent way that it has become an integral part of the West and East in history of world. This war liked to who is the strong game of the Soviet Union and the United States of America. Not only in terms of military strength, but also in terms of technological forces. From the point of view of the balance of power, strategic Studies have launched a single survey: to what extent has one of the possible or real events expanded the military potential of one side or another. This was the same annoyance from the survey: both the United States and the Soviet Union maintained inefficient

power to produce steel to meet the anticipated wartime needs for a long time. Within the contours of the strategic argument, the exact relationship between steel production capacity and military fitness was controversial, but the terms of the debate and debate were clear.

So what is the solution to the balance of forces. As if the theory did not have a single agreed solution, there is no understandable solution to whether power is in equilibrium. One of the best methods is that there are strategies that applied so that the movement of forces does not weaken, and other sets of strategies that the international community can use to maintain a balance between many countries and interests the following can be included in such a set of strategies.

MAINTAINING NATIONAL SOVEREIGNTY.

After World War II, it recognized by political experts as extremely dangerous for one state to attack or invade another. Those who believe in the balance of power theory have found that the best way is not to violate the sovereignty of another state

EXISTING DISPUTES.

This strategy is precisely the best balance about preventing the outbreak of war and ensuring that it does not harm the people.

LIMITED REVENGE

States attacked by other states should only retaliate to the extent necessary to maintain their sovereignty and security. In order to maintain the balance of power, the avenging people should not take away land or resources.

Strong military alliances

Since some kata states want all forces, they must form a military alliance to prevent the tension of those states. In particular, strong nations must ally with weak nations to prevent these nations from becoming targets of other powerful nations. It would be easier to keep an aggressive nation under control if it could not expand easily by occupying vulnerable nations.

TRANSPARENCY

It considered one of the most effective means of avoiding conflict. While much is involved in diplomacy, one of the most important factors is the maintenance of transparency. In the high-tech world, information spreads quickly and secrets are difficult to keep. To avoid misunderstandings, States and international corporations that often influence the balance of power must be as transparent as possible about their actions and goals.

SOLID TRADING

Research shows that countries that trade together are far from the conflicts that harmful for nation that leads to conflicts. Trade relations between the two nations damaged by the conflicts kata that occur between them. Therefore, it is desirable that the states did not risk their people and the whole country.



In international relations, the word balance of power has been central to theory and practice in 500 years. It also plays an important role in the most important attempts to address international policy work when discussing international issues. Another foundation of realistic theory is the idea of a balance of power and the anarchic nature of the global system, since there is no effective global government, and the world system is anomic (without rules). In conclusion, the balance of power is the cure of power, which in international relations is the head of one state, which is the basis of another, and whose cell is balanced. The balance of the strong leads the two states to compromise in international relations, which is the only force.

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