

FEATURES OF DEVELOPMENT OF MARKET INFRASTRUCTURE IN AGRICULTURE

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Abstract. *Analysis of the processes of formation and development of market infrastructure not only from the point of view of macro and microeconomics, but also from the point of view of territorial and scope of action strategy, the existence of internal territorial differences of Uzbekistan and the different level of their development have different effects on the overall economic growth. it is necessary to take into account such factors as From this point of view, it is appropriate to base the market infrastructure development program at the regional level, taking into account the fact that the current market infrastructure objects of Uzbekistan have already been formed.*

Key words: *Uzbekistan, agriculture, market infrastructure, farm, regional aspect.*

In the conditions of the transition to the market economy, new components of the market infrastructure were rapidly formed and became an independent large sector of the economy. The development of agricultural production, which is one of the important components of the economy of Uzbekistan, depends on the work of the service sectors, branches, and enterprises. The totality of sectors providing services to agricultural production constitutes the infrastructure. The development of the infrastructure of the agro-industrial complex is influenced by many factors, including the climate, the state of water resources, the number of people, the location of farms, the level of specialization, the state of land fund supply, the financial status of farms, etc.

Market infrastructure is a set of institutions that coordinate interactions between producers, service providers and consumers, and provide them with comprehensive services. Infrastructure is the foundation on which our economy rests. The harmony of the work of the national economic complex, its effectiveness, as well as the possibility of attracting and absorbing foreign investments, depends entirely on the state and level of infrastructure development. In order for the market infrastructure to function effectively, all its components must be fully formed. Otherwise, the infrastructure will not be able to create the necessary conditions for the formation and development of market relations. Different economists rely on different approaches to study the characteristics of market infrastructure. In particular, its important components can be divided into such groups as production infrastructure, trade infrastructure, financial and credit infrastructure, social infrastructure, and information infrastructure. Among the

types of services provided directly to agricultural producers in the infrastructure complex are technical service, agrochemical service, financial and credit service, sorting, preparation, preliminary processing and storage of agricultural products, reclamation and water treatment. The prospects of the farms that are just starting up today depend to a large extent on the level of development of supply service, zoo-veterinary service, and consulting services. Agriculture in Uzbekistan shows the need to improve the above infrastructure entities based on the needs of the times.

The main task of rural infrastructure networks is to have a positive effect on increasing the efficiency of agricultural enterprises, to create conditions for achieving the final results, to ensure the production of abundant agricultural products, to increase all forms of property. assistance, freeing enterprises from the duties of producing products, and deepening the division of labor in the countryside.

Analysis of the processes of formation and development of market infrastructure not only from the point of view of macro and microeconomics, but also from the point of view of territorial and scope of action strategy, the existence of internal territorial differences of Uzbekistan and the different level of their development have different effects on the overall economic growth. it is necessary to take into account such factors as From this point of view, it is appropriate to base the market infrastructure development program at the regional level, taking into account the fact that the current market infrastructure objects of Uzbekistan have already been formed.

In the scientific justification of the main essence of this program, it is necessary to develop its long-term strategic goals and determine the priority directions for the model of reproduction of the market infrastructure. If we pay attention to the objects of the market infrastructure formed in the republic under the conditions of economic liberalization, we will see that the financial-credit, legal-economic systems are more developed than the systems of trade-mediation, information-consultation and foreign-economic relations. Therefore, prioritization of less developed systems should be reflected in the program to be developed.

The market infrastructure should ultimately ensure the efficient development of the economy. Therefore, based on the world experience, it is advisable to develop a separate development program for each region, first of all, taking into account the characteristics of regional development, when developing a market infrastructure development program. In this program, the market infrastructure, which is formed based on the priorities of each region in its program, should be focused on the solution of these issues. The main goal of this program is to analyze the situation in the real sectors of the economy based on the results and pace of the economic reforms that are being implemented today, to form a mechanism aimed at ensuring the stable growth of the economy based on the generalization of the accumulated national and foreign experience in terms of market infrastructure. should consist of To do this, it is necessary to develop

an organizational-economic model that bases the economic mechanisms of market infrastructure development.

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