

INGLIZ TILI O'QITISH METODLARI

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Annotatsiya: *ushbu maqolada ingliz tilini o'rgatish usullari va tilni saqlashning oson usullari haqida qisqacha ma'lumot berilgan.*

Kalit so'zlar: *til, nazariya, metod, o'qitish, martaba, foyda, baho, induksiya, diqqat.*

METHODS OF TEACHING AN ENGLISH LANGUAGE

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Abstract: *this article provides brief information about the methods of teaching an English language and the easy ways keep the language.*

Keywords: *language, theory, method, teaching, career, benefit, estimate, induct, focus.*

Throughout the history of teaching languages a number of different approaches and methodologies have been tried and tested with some being more popular and effective than others. If you are just beginning your TOEFL career, it would be beneficial to be familiar with a few of these. In this content I will show you few of the methods which has an effective way to learn an English language. Some of them may seen not clean and hard to understand the theories, but in the end you will have some tricks to learn and estimate the language.

The Direct Method.


The direct method of teaching English is also known as the Natural Method. It is used to teach a number of different languages not just English, and the main idea of the Direct Method is that it only uses the target language that the students are trying to learn.

Its main focus is oral skill and it is taught through repetitive drilling. Grammar is taught using an inductive way and students need to try and guess the rules through the teacher's oral presentation.

Communicative Language Teaching.

The idea behind this approach is to help learners communicate more effectively





and correctly in realistic situations that they may find themselves in. This type of

teaching includes focusing on important functions like suggesting, thanking, inviting, complaining, and asking for directions to name but a few.

Community Language Learning.

This is probably one of the English teaching methods where the student feels the safest as there's a great emphasis on the relationship and bond between the student and teacher. Unlike a lot of the other methods and approaches of teaching English as a Second language, a lot of the L1 (mother tongue) is used for translation purposes.

The Grammar Translation Method.

Just like its name suggests, this method of teaching English heavy and relies a lot on translation. This is the traditional or 'classical' way of learning a language and it's still commonly used when learning some languages. Some countries prefer this style of teaching and the main idea behind this method is that the students learn all grammar rules, so they're able to gtranslate a number of sentences. This is particularly common for those students who wish to study literature at a deeper level.

The based Language learning.

The main aim of this approach to learning is task completion. Usually, relevant an interesting tasks are set by the teacher and students are expected to draw on their pre-existing knowledge of English to complete the task with as few errors as possible.

The Lexical Approach


The Lexical syllabus or approach is based on computer studies that have previously identified the most commonly used words. This approach in teaching focuses on vocabulary acquisition and teaching lexical chunks in order of their frequency and use. Teachers of the Lexical Approach place a great emphasis on authentic materials and realistic scenarios for more valuable learning.

Grammar-Translation Method: This traditional method focuses on the explicit teaching of grammar rules and translation between the target language and the learners' native language. It emphasizes reading and writing skills.

Direct Method: This method emphasizes the use of the target language in the classroom. It focuses on oral communication, vocabulary acquisition, and situational language use. Grammar is taught inductively, through examples and context.

Communicative Language Teaching (CLT): This approach emphasizes





communication and interaction in real-life contexts. It encourages students to use English for meaningful purposes and focuses on the development of all language skills (listening, speaking, reading, and writing).

Task-Based Language Teaching (TBLT): This method focuses on completing meaningful tasks as a way to learn language. Students engage in activities that require them to use English to accomplish a specific goal, such as solving a problem or completing a project.

Audio-Lingual Method: This method emphasizes repetition, mimicry, and drilling to develop oral language skills. It focuses on listening and speaking through pattern practice and dialogues.

Content-Based Instruction (CBI): This approach integrates language learning with subject matter content. Students learn English while studying topics from other disciplines, such as science, history, or literature.

Total Physical Response (TPR): This method incorporates physical movement and gestures to facilitate language learning. Students respond to commands given by the teacher, associating language with actions.

The Silent Way: This method encourages learner autonomy and discovery. The teacher remains silent for extended periods, allowing students to take an active role in their learning and problem-solving.

Suggestopedia: This method creates a relaxed and positive learning environment, using music, art, and drama to reduce anxiety and enhance language acquisition.

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